## **Prayer Requests**

- <u>Healing:</u> For Barbara
- Healing: For Kim
- Healing: For Kim's Dad
- Healing: For Justin's Aunt Julie
- Healing: For Carola
- Healing and safety: For Laurie I.
- <u>Blessing, learning, wisdom and safety</u> for Jacquetta

## **Prayer Requests**

Healing: For Rick B's mom

**C**.

- Healing: For Carola's daughter Loretta & sister Manuela
- Job Situation: For Tom C. and Carola
- A co-worker will soften her heart: Laura
- <u>General Prayers</u>: For Ceci's mom, Eileen

#### **Beit Tefillah Messianic Home Fellowship**

My House Shall Be Called a House of Prayer for All People (Yeshayahu/Isaiah 56: 7)

בֵיתִי בֵּית־תְּפִלֶּה יִקְרֵא לְכָל־הָעַמִּים



#### Devarim/Words Commonly called Deuteronomy Torah Portion KiTavo Chapter 26:1 - 29:(8)9

http://www.BeitTefillah.org

## Outline

- Reading the Torah Portion
- My Father was a Fugitive Aramean
- The Year of Tithing
- Guard to Do
- All These Blessings Shall Come Upon You
- Raise You Up
- Head and Not the Tail
- Cursed and Scattered
- The Second Mosaic Covenant
- Questions

#### The Traditional Blessing Before Reading the Torah Portion

Baruch atah Adonay Eloheynu melech ha'olam, asher bachar banu mikol-ha'amim, venatan lanu et-torato

Blessed are You – Adonai our Elohim, King of the Universe, who has chosen us from all peoples and has given us His Torah.

Baruch atah Adonay, noten hatorah

**Blessed are You - Adonai, Giver of the Torah.** 

# When You Enter The Land

**Devarim 26:1** 

# וְהְיָה כִּי־תְבָוֹא אֶל־הָאָׁרֶץ אֲשֶׁר יְהוָה אֶלהִידְ נֹתֵן לְהָ נַחֲלֵה וִיִרְשְׁתָה וְיִשֵׁבְתָ בָּה:

Vehayah ki-tavo' 'el-ha'aretz 'asher YHWH Eloheykha noten lekha nachlah viyrishtah veyashavta bah

## When You Enter The Land

Devarim 26:1 (ISR) "And it shall be, when you come into the land which your Elohim is giving you as an inheritance, and you possess it and dwell in it,"

**Devarim 26:1** (NJPS) When you enter the land that the LORD your God is giving you as a heritage, and you possess it and settle in it

## **Read the Torah Portion**

1st Aliyah — Devarim 26:1-11 2nd Aliyah — Devarim 26:12-15 • 3rd Aliyah — Devarim 26:16-19 4th Aliyah — Devarim 27:1-10 • 5th Aliyah — Devarim 27:11-28:6 • 6th Aliyah — Devarim 28:7-69 • 7th Aliyah — Devarim 29:1-8(9)

 According to the traditional counting of Maimonides/"RaMBaM," how many mitzvot/commandments are in this Torah portion?

A. 6
B. 7
C. 11
D. 17

 According to the traditional counting of Maimonides/"RaMBaM," how many mitzvot/commandments are in this Torah portion?

A. 6 B. 7 C. D. 17

 According to the traditional counting of Maimonides/"RaMBaM," how many mitzvot/commandments are in this Torah portion?

A. 6 B. 7 C. D.

 According to the traditional counting of Maimonides/"RaMBaM," how many mitzvot/commandments are in this Torah portion?

A. 6 B. C. D.

#### Mitzvot in the Torah Portion

 Commandment 272 Devarim 26:3-11 Say a declaration when presenting the first fruits - Commandment 269 Devarim 26:13 Recite the Confession of Tithes in the 4th and 7th years - Commandment 264 Devarim 26:14 Do not eat the Ma'aser She'ni (Second Tithe) while in mourning

#### Mitzvot in the Torah Portion

- Commandment 263 Devarim 26:14 Do not eat the Ma'aser She'ni in a tame' (unclean) manner - Commandment 262 Devarim 26:14 Do not give the Ma'aser She'ni redemption money for the dead - Commandment 11 Devarim 28:9 Walk in the ways of Elohim (to be raised up as a set apart people)

#### The Traditional Blessing After Reading the Torah Portion

Baruch atah Adonay, Eloheynu melech ha'olam, asher natan lanu torat emet, vechayey olam nata betochenu.

Blessed are You – Adonai our Elohim, King of the universe, who has given us the Torah of truth, and has planted everlasting life in our midst.

Baruch atah Adonay, noten hatorah

**Blessed are You - Adonai, Giver of the Torah.** 

## My Father Was a Fugitive Aramean

Devarim 26:5 (ISR) "And you shall answer and say before יהוה your Elohim, 'My father was a perishing Aramean, and he went down to Mitsrayim and sojourned there with few men. And there he became a nation, great, mighty, and numerous.

(NJPS) ... My father was a fugitive Aramean....

(Artscroll)...an Aramean tried to destroy by forefather....

## My Father Was a Fugitive Aramean

Devarim/Deuteronomy 26:5 (KJV) A Syrian ready to perish *was* my father....

(NASB & NIV) ....My father was a wandering Aramean....

(CJB) 'My ancestor was a nomad from Aram.

#### My Father Was a Wandering Aramean

Devarim 26:5 (Targum Onkelos) ...Laban the Aramean sought to destroy my forefather....

Devarim 26:5 (Targum Jonathan) ...Our father Ya'aqob went down into Aram Naharia at the beginning, and (Laban) sought to destroy him ....

#### **Artscroll's Explanation**

"...an Aramean tried to destroy by forefather..."

The translation is that of Rashi, who follows the Midrashic interpretation of Sifre\*, which is also the version found in the Haggadah. Accordingly, the Aramean is the deceitful Laban, who tried to deceive Jacob at every turn, and finally pursued him with the intention of killing him, and would have done so had not God warned him not to dare harm Jacob (see Genesis 31:29-30) 19 \*An ancient midrash on Bamidbar and Devarim

#### **Artscroll's Explanation**

In the plain sense, the term is rendered my forefather [i.e., Jacob] was a lost [i.e., homeless or penniless] Aramean, meaning that Jacob lived in Aram for twenty years of his life (Ibn Ezra).

## My Father Was a Fugitive Aramean

קבד *abad* (1b)

Meaning: to perish

יארמייי איבר אָרָי אַרַמִּי אַבָר אָבָר

**Origin: a prim. root** Usage (NASB): annihilate(2), annihilated(1), been lost(1), broken(1), corrupts(1), destroy(33), destroyed(15), destroying(2), destroys(2), destruction(2), dying(2), fail(1), fails(1), give up as lost(1), lacking(1), lost(12), make vanish(1), makes to perish(1), no(2), obliterate(1), perish(61), perished(16), perishes(7), perishing(2), ruined(4), surely perish(3), take(1), utterly destroy(1), wandering(1), wastes(1), wiped(1). 21

## The Year of Tithing

Devarim 26:12-13a (ISR) 12 "When you have completed tithing all the tithe of your increase in the third year, which is the year of tithing, and have given it to the Lewite, to the stranger, to the fatherless, and to the widow, and they have eaten within your gates and have been satisfied, 13 then you shall say before your Elohim, 'I have put away the setapart portion from my house, and also have given it to the Lewite, and to the stranger, and 22 to the fatherless, and to the widow...

## The Year of Tithing

Devarim 26:12-14 (ISR) 13b ...according to all Your command which You have commanded me. I have not transgressed Your commands, nor have I forgotten. 14 'I have not eaten any of it when in mourning, nor have I removed any of it for any unclean use, nor given any of it for the dead. I have obeyed the voice of value my Elohim, I have done according to all that You have commanded me.

## The Year of the Tithe (1 of 3)

Rashi's Commentary

the year of the tithe. The third year of each shemittah cycle is called "the year of the tithe" because] it differs from its preceding two years insofar as it is a year in which only one of the tithes separated in the two preceding years is separated. During the first and second years of the shemittah cycle, the tithes separated are: a) מַעֲשֶׂר ראשון, "the first tithe," as the verse says, "[Speak to the Levites, and say to them,] When you take from the children of Israel the tithe..." (Num. 18:26) [referring to"the first tithe,"] and b) מַעֲשֵׁר שֵׁנִי, "the second tithe," as the verse says: 24

#### The Year of the Tithe (2 of 3) Rashi's Commentary

"And you shall eat before Adonai, your Elohim... the tithes of your grain, of your wine and of your oil..." (Deut. 14:23) [which is a reference to "the second tithe"]. Thus, we have two tithes [being separated during the first two years of the shemittah cycle]. Now Scripture comes and teaches us that in the third year, only one of these two tithes is separated. And which one is that? It is "the first tithe."

#### The Year of the Tithe (2 of 2) Rashi's Commentary

["The second tithe is not separated during the third year."] Instead of "the second tithe," one must give "the tithe for the poor," for it says here in our verse "you shall give [them] to the Levite" what belongs to him, namely "the first tithe"; [then our verse continues:] "the stranger, the orphan, and the widow"-this is "the tithe for the poor." - [Sifrei 26:12; R.H. 12b]

### Jewish Encyclopedia Summation

Every third year the tithes were not to be carried to the city of the Temple, but were to be stored at home ("within thy gates"), and "the Levite, the stranger, and the fatherless, and the widow" were to "eat and be satisfied" (Deu 14:29). It is to be concluded that, the seventh year being a Sabbatical year and no tithing being permissible therein, the tithe of the first, second, fourth, and fifth years of every cycle of seven years had to be brought to the Temple and eaten by the landowner and his family, while the tithe of the third and sixth years was to be left at home for the poor.

Devarim 27:2-3 (ISR) 2 "And it shall be, on the day when you pass over the Yarděn to the land which יהוה your Elohim is giving you, that you shall set up for yourselves large stones, and plaster them with plaster, 3 and write on them all the Words of this Torah, when you have passed over, so that you go into the land which יהוה your Elohim is giving you, 'a land flowing with milk and honey,' as Elohim of your fathers has spoken to you. 28

Devarim 27:4-6 (ISR) 4 "And it shall be, when you have passed over the Yarden, that on Mount Eybal you set up these stones, which I command you today, and you shall plaster them with plaster, 5 and build an altar to your Elohim there, an altar of stones – do not use an iron tool on them. our Elohim with יהוה 6 "Build the altar of יהוה complete stones, and you shall offer burnt offerings on it to יהוה your Elohim,

Devarim 27:7-8 (ISR) 7 and shall offer peace offerings, and eat there, and rejoice before יהוה your Elohim. 8 "And you shall write all the Words of this Torah on the stones – plainly and well."

**Questions/Comments:** 

How many stones are to be used?

**Artscroll Commentary: Moses now** commanded the people that upon entering the Land, which they would do in only a few weeks, they were to commit themselves anew to God and the Torah. They would do this by inscribing the entire Torah on twelve huge stones, by bringing offerings, and by gathering at two mountains to affirm their allegiance.

#### Artscroll Commentary:

Their crossing of the Jordan would be miraculous (see Joshua 3), and, as soon as they were in the Land, they would inscribe the entire Torah in seventy languages (see v. 8 below), something that could not be possible without a miracle.

Rashi, citing Sotah 32a comments that it should be written in a manner that would be clear to anyone who wished to read it, i.e., that it be inscribed in all seventy primary languages of the time, a miraculous feat.

Ibn Ezra interprets it to mean that the inscription <sup>32</sup>

Artscroll Commentary:

Rashi, citing Sotah 32a comments that it should be written in a manner that would be clear to anyone who wished to read it, i.e., that it be inscribed in all seventy primary languages of the time, a miraculous feat.

Ibn Ezra interprets it to mean that the inscription should be clear and legible. He also quotes R' Saadiah Gaon that all the commandments, but not the entire text of the Torah, were inscribed on the stones.

#### All These Blessings Shall Come Upon You

Devarim 28:1-3 (ISR) 1 "And it shall be, if you diligently obey the voice of vour Elohim, to guard to do all His commands which I command you today, that יהוה your Elohim shall set you high above all nations of the earth. 2 And all these blessings shall come upon you and overtake you, if you obey the voice of יהוה your Elohim: 3 Blessed are you in the city, and blessed are you in the field."

#### All These Blessings Shall Come Upon You

#### Key Points/questions:

• Obeying the voice of YHWH, guarding to do all of the things He says to do lines up perfectly with Devarim 8:3b (ISR) "... to make you know that man does not live by bread alone, but by every Word that comes from the mouth of יהוה," quoted by Yeshua in Matthew 4:4.

 You obey every word by obeying the voice of YHWH.

#### All These Blessings Shall Come Upon You

#### Key Points/questions:

 "Mouth" essentially equals "counsel" (Yehoshua/Joshua 9:14) and Paul taught the whole counsel/will of Elohim (Acts 20: 27). You don't have to seek the blessings if you obey the voice of YHWH, they will seek you out and find you and "overtake you." Compare Matthew 6. What are we to seek?

### All These Blessings Shall Come Upon You

### Key Points/questions:

Matthew 6:31-34 (ISR) "Do not worry then, saying, 'What shall we eat?' or 'What shall we drink?' or 'What shall we wear?' 32 "For all these the gentiles seek for. And your heavenly Father knows that you need all these. 33 But seek first the reign of Elohim, and His righteousness, and all these matters shall be added to you. 34 Do not, then, worry about tomorrow, for tomorrow shall have its own worries. Each day has enough evil of itself." 37

**Blessings (Dev 29:2)** 

**Blessed (Dev 29:3-6)** 



**qal:** to kneel, bless; **piel:** to bless; **pual:** to be blessed; **hiph:** to cause to kneel; **hith:** to bless oneself; **niph:** to bless oneself

verb qal passive participle masculine singular absolute homonym 2

**1293 הַרְכָר** Berakah (ber-aw-kaw') **Meaning:** 1) blessing 2) (source of) blessing 3) blessing, prosperity 4) blessing, praise of God 5) a gift, present 6) treaty of peace **Origin:** from 01288;; n f **Usage:** AV - blessing 61, blessed 3, present 3, liberal 1, pools 1; 69

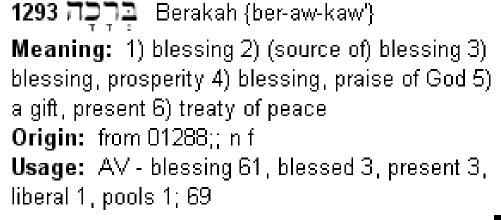
1288 ברך barak {baw-rak'}

**Meaning:** 1) to bless, kneel 1a) (Qal) 1a1) to kneel 1a2) to bless 1b) (Niphal) to be blessed, bless oneself 1c) (Piel) to bless 1d) (Pual) to be blessed, be adored 1e) (Hiphil) to cause to kneel 1f) (Hithpael) to bless oneself 2) (TWOT) to praise, salute, curse

**Origin:** a primitive root; TWOT - 285; v **Usage:** AV - bless 302, salute 5, curse 4, blaspheme 2, blessing 2, praised 2, kneel down 2, congratulate 1, kneel 1, make to kneel 1, misc 8; 330

**Blessings (Dev 29:2)** 

### **Blessed (Dev 29:3-6)**



1288 ברך barak {baw-rak'}

**Meaning:** 1) to bless, kneel 1a) (Qal) 1a1) to

기그그 qal: to kneel, bless; **piel:** to bless; Id) (Pual) to be

pual: to be blessed; hiph: to cause to kneel; hith: to bless oneself; niph: to bless oneself

verb qal passive participle masculine singular absolute homonym 2 285; v

i, curse 4, I 2, kneel down to kneel 1, misc⊛

#### Knee (Dev 29:35) Berekh

8 (Hebrew) (page 139) (Strong 1290) גיים גרכים (As. *birku* COT:Gloss; Gn 30:3 + 11 t.;—*knee, knees*: מים ברכים

#### Knee (Dev 28:35) Berekh

Devarim 28:35 (ISR) "הוה" smites you in the knees and on the legs with evil boils of which you are unable to be healed, and from the sole of your foot to the top of your head."

Yeshayahu/Isaiah 45:23 (ISR) "I have sworn by Myself, a word has gone out of My mouth in righteousness, and shall not return, so that to Me every knee shall bow, every tongue swear."

41

### My Thoughts:

 Blessing from YHWH derives from "bending you knees" to YHWH. People may seek after and "get stuff," but unless their knees are bent to YHWH, whatever they get will not be a "blessing" nor "blessed."

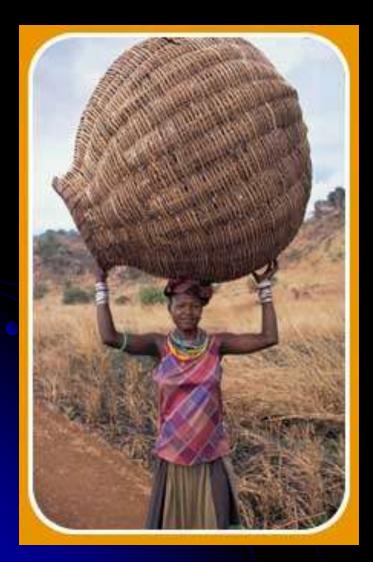


### The Meaning of "Blessed" My Thoughts:

There are several Scriptural meanings of "barukh."

- Referring to YHWH it means "adored" or "he to whom homage is due."
- To people, it means "he on whom bounty is bestowed."
- It also takes the meaning of "he who bestows bounty."
- Moshe is speaking here to "all Israel" (Dev 27:9). While individuals who are not receiving Yah's blessing may need to bend their knees some more, it may also be that Yah's will is for you to suffer for a time (1 Peter 4:19).

### **Blessed is Your Basket**



### Devarim 28:5 (ISR) "Blessed is your basket and your kneading bowl."



## Raise You Up

Dev 23:9-10 (ISR) "הוה" does establish you as a set-apart people to Himself, as He has sworn to you, if you guard the commands of your Elohim and walk in His ways. 10 And all peoples of the earth shall see that the Name of הוה is called upon you, and they shall be afraid of you."

## Raise You Up

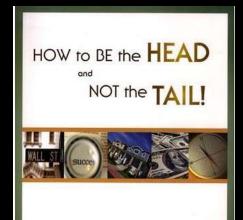
### Key Points/questions:

- "Establish" = qum, raise up.
- "The Name of YHWH is called upon you."
  This people walks in the ways of YHWH and has the Name or Authority of YHWH over them to protect them.
  The point of being a set-apart people is to magnify the Name of YHWH in the earth.

### Head and Not the Tail

Dev 28:13 (ISR) "And יהוה shall make you the head and not the tail. And you shall be only on top, and not be beneath, if you obey the commands of יהוה your Elohim, which I command you today, to guard and do.

Key Points/questions: Many say: "I want to be the head and not the tail." Have they committed themselves to obeying the commands of YHWH? Or, have they said that keeping commandments is "of the flesh," and "bondage"?



A Christian Manifesto for Making Six Figures

C. Joyce Farrar-Rosemon

### Cursed

Deu 28:14-16 (ISR) "And do not turn aside from any of the Words which I am commanding you today, right or left, to go after other mighty ones to serve them. 15 And it shall be, if you do not obey the voice of יהוה your Elohim, to guard to do all His commands and His laws which I command you today, that all these curses shall come upon you and overtake you: 16 "Cursed are you in the city, and cursed are you in the field."

### Cursed

### Key Points/questions:

 There are several words translated as "curse" in Hebrew, including alah, qalalah, arar and drar. "Curses" in Dev 28:15 is galalah, while "cursed" in verse 16, etc, is arar. Other similar words are cherem (accursed thing) and lahat (enchantments) that have direct Aramaic cognates in the Brit Chadashah.

• Bottom Line: If you do not guard to do what YHWH said, you are under a curse.

# Redeemed from the Curse of the Law

Some argue that the New Testament makes these curses irrelevant, citing such passages as:

Galatians 3:10 (NKJV) For as many as are of the works of the law are under the curse; for it is written, "Cursed *is* everyone who does not continue in all things which are written in the book of the law, to do them."

# Redeemed from the Curse of the Law

Some argue that the New Testament makes these curses irrelevant, citing such passages as:

Galatians 3:10 (NKJV) Christ has redeemed us from the curse of the law, having become a curse for us (for it is written, "Cursed *is* everyone who hangs on a tree"), HOWEVER....

# Redeemed from the Curse of the Law

However, since Paul was writing prior to the siege of Jerusalem, the Roman coin below shows that the curse for disobedience was still in effect even after Paul's death:



#### Roman Coin commemorating<sub>52</sub> "Judea Capta"

### An Example of the Curse

brings a יהוה" (ISR) (abridged) (ISR) brings a nation against you from afar...a nation whose language you shall not understand, a fiercelooking nation, which shows no regard for the elderly nor...favour to the young....and they shall besiege you at all your gates till your high and fenced walls, in which you are trusting, come down in all your land....And you shall eat the fruit of your own body, the flesh of your your vour daughters whom יהוה your Elohim has given you, in the siege...." 53

## And YHWH Shall Scatter You

shall יהוה Devarim 28:64-65 (ISR) "And scatter you among all peoples, from one end of the earth to the other, and there you shall serve other mighty ones, which neither you nor your fathers have known, wood and stone. 65 And among those nations you are to find no rest, nor have a resting place for the sole of your foot. But there יהוה shall give you a trembling heart, and failing eyes, and sorrow of being."

## And YHWH Shall Scatter You

### Key Points/questions:

• If Israel would not have been scattered for disobeying the voice of YHWH to guard to do the Torah, then Moshe would have been a false prophet.

### **The Second Mosaic Covenant**

Dev 29:1 These are the words of the covenant which יהוה commanded Mosheh to make with the children of Yisra'el in the land of Mo'ab, besides the covenant which He made with them in Horěb.

Dev 29:4 "But יהוה has not given you a heart to know and eyes to see and ears to hear, till this day."

### **The Second Mosaic Covenant**

Dev 29:6 "You ate no bread and drank no wine nor strong drink, so that you might know that I am יהוה your Elohim."

Dev 29:9 "Therefore you shall guard the words of this covenant, and do them, so that you prosper in all that you do."

### **The Second Mosaic Covenant**

your Elohim shall bring יהוה Dev 30:5-6 "And יהוה you to the land which your fathers possessed, and you shall possess it. And He shall do good to you, and increase you more than your fathers. 6 And יהוה your Elohim shall circumcise your heart and the heart of your seed, to love יהוה your Elohim with all your heart and with all your being, so that you might live,"

## Not Like the Covenant (at Horeb)

Yirmeyahu/Jeremiah 31:31-32 (ISR) "See, the days are coming," declares יהוה, "when I shall make a new covenant with the house of Yisra'ĕl and with the house of Yehudah, 32 not like the covenant I made with their fathers in the day when I took them by the hand to bring them out of the land of Mitsrayim, My covenant which they broke, though I was a husband to them," declares יהוה. 59

## Not Like the Covenant (at Horeb)

Yirmeyahu/Jeremiah 31:33 (ISR) 33 "For this is the covenant I shall make with the house of Yisra'ĕl after those days, declares יהוה : I shall put My Torah in their inward parts, and write it on their hearts. And I shall be their Elohim, and they shall be My people.

## Not Like the Covenant (at Horeb)

Yirmeyahu/Jeremiah 31:34 (ISR) "And no longer shall they teach, each one his neighbour, and each one his brother, saying, 'Know יהוה,' for they shall all know Me, from the least of them to the greatest of them," declares יהוה. "For I shall forgive their crookedness, and remember their sin no more."

#### **Beit Tefillah Messianic Home Fellowship**

My House Shall Be Called a House of Prayer for All People (Yeshayahu/Isaiah 56: 7)

בֵּיתִי בֵּית־תְּפִּלֶה יִקְּרֵא לְכָל־הָעַמִּים



### Parshah KiTavo Haftorah: Yeshayahu/Isaiah 60:1-22

http://www.BeitTefillah.org

Wayne Ingalls

# The Traditional Blessing Before the Haftorah

Baruch atah Adonay Eloheynu melech ha'olam, asher bachar binviy'iym tovim veratzah vedivreyhem haga'emariym be'emet

Blessed are You – Adonai our Elohim, King of the Universe, who has chosen good prophets and was pleased with their words that they spoke in truth.

Baruch atah Adonay, habocher batorah uvMosheh 'avdo uvYisrael 'amo uvineviy'ey ha'emet vatzedeq.

Blessed are You - Adonai, who chose Torah, and Moshe His servant, and Yisrael His people, and prophets of the truth and righteousness. 63

### Isaiah 60

### Isaiah 60:1 קוּמִי אוֹרִי פֵּי בֵא אוֹרֶך וּכְּבִוֹד יְהוֶה עָלִיךְ זְרֵח:

# Qumi 'ori, ki va orech Uch-vodo Adonai alayich zarach

### The Blessing Before the Brit Chadashah is Read

Baruch atah Adonay Eloheynu melech ha'olam, asher natan lanu et Yeshua binkha ki'meshicheynu golaenu moshi'enu kapporatenu v'adonen, v'et sifrei Brit Chadashah lemanu ulekhal ha'amin.

Blessed are You – Adonai our Elohim, King of the Universe, who has given us your son as our Messiah, our redeemer, our saviour, our atonement, and our Master, and the books of the Renewed Covenant to our people and to all the peoples.

Baruch atah Adonay noten yeshu'ah b'Yeshua HaMashiach.

**Blessed are You - Adonai, giver of salvation in Yeshua the Messjah.** 

### The Aharonic Blessing

"Speak to Aharon and his sons, and tell them that this is how you are to bless the people of Isra'el: you are to say to them,

'Y'varekh'kha ADONAI\* v'yishmerekha. Ya'er ADONAI panav eleikha vichunekka. Yissa ADONAI panav eleikha v'yasem l'kha shalom.

May *ADONAI* bless you and keep you. May *ADONAI* make his face shine on you and show you his favor.

May ADONAI lift up his face toward you and give you peace.'

\*Hebrew

7177

"In this way they are to put my Name on the people of Isra'el, so that I will bless them."